

# Display Lab: Competences & Selected Projects since 2020

- **Optical metrology for displays and LEDs:**  
Photometric measurements (spot and imager), response time, spectrum ...
- **Electronics:** Micro-controllers, display interfaces, LED drivers ...
- **Software:** Dedicated test patterns, image enhancement, uniformity algorithms ...
- **Systems design:** New concepts, prototypes, user interfaces, evaluation and validation ...
- **Evaluations and assessments:** User studies incl. comparison to measurements ...
- **Consultancy, workshops ...**



- We prototype and/or evaluate your display, LED system, HMI or idea!
- Info: [www.displaylab.org](http://www.displaylab.org)
- Contact: [kb@displaylabor.de](mailto:kb@displaylabor.de)

# Karlheinz Blankenbach



- 30 years proven expertise in displays ...
- Full professor @ Pforzheim University
- Society for Information Display ([www.sid.org](http://www.sid.org))
  - "Automotive Displays & HMI"
  - Display metrology (ICDM)



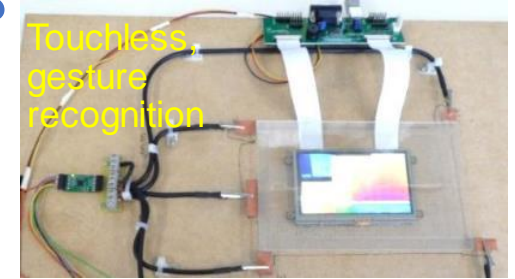
- Honorary president DFF ([www.displayforum.de](http://www.displayforum.de))



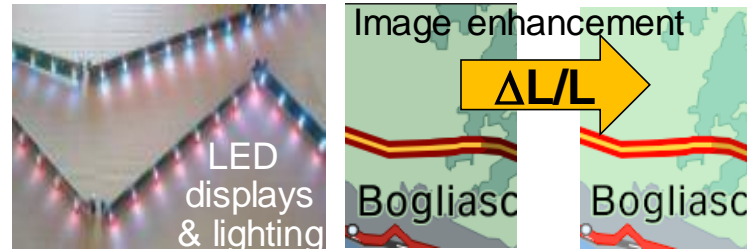
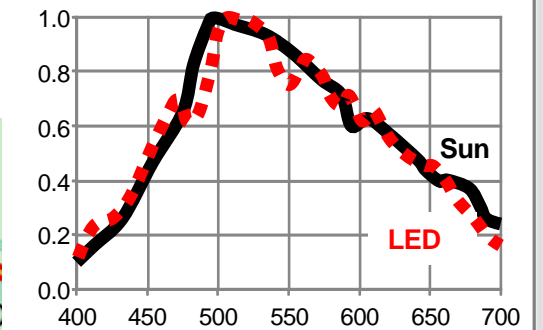
- Chairman  **ed electronicdisplays** Conference

- Member of  **ELED** automotive interior lighting

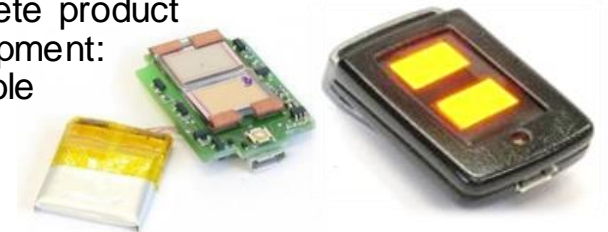
# Examples of Projects



## Measurements & simulations



Complete product development: wearable OLED signs



Uniformity



Evaluation

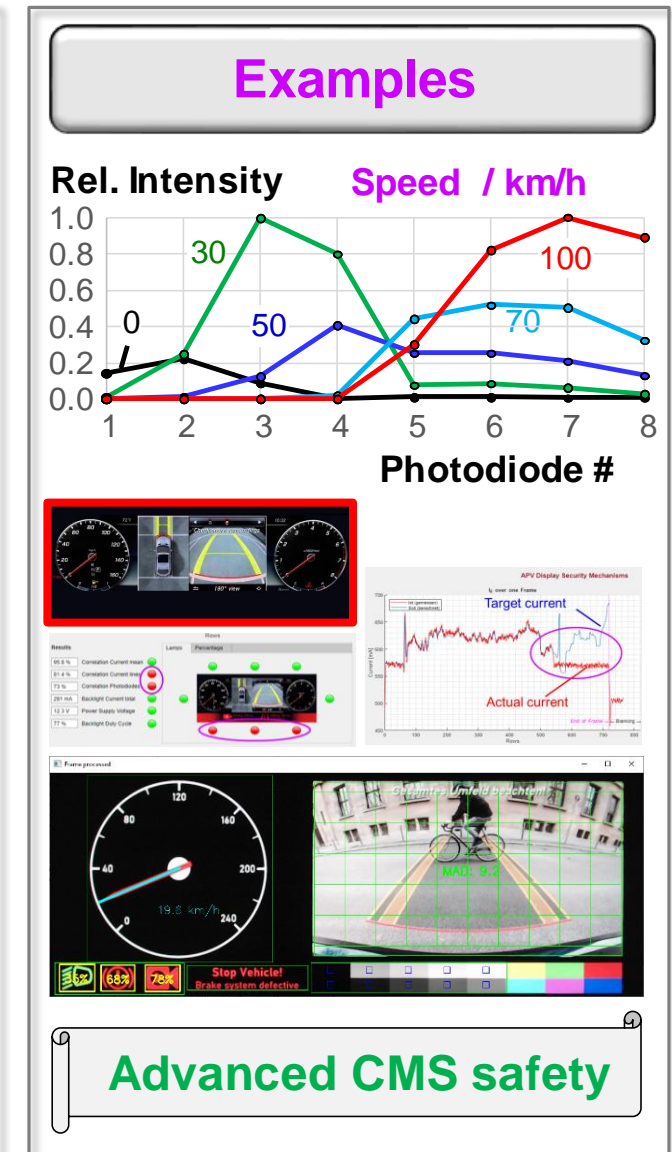
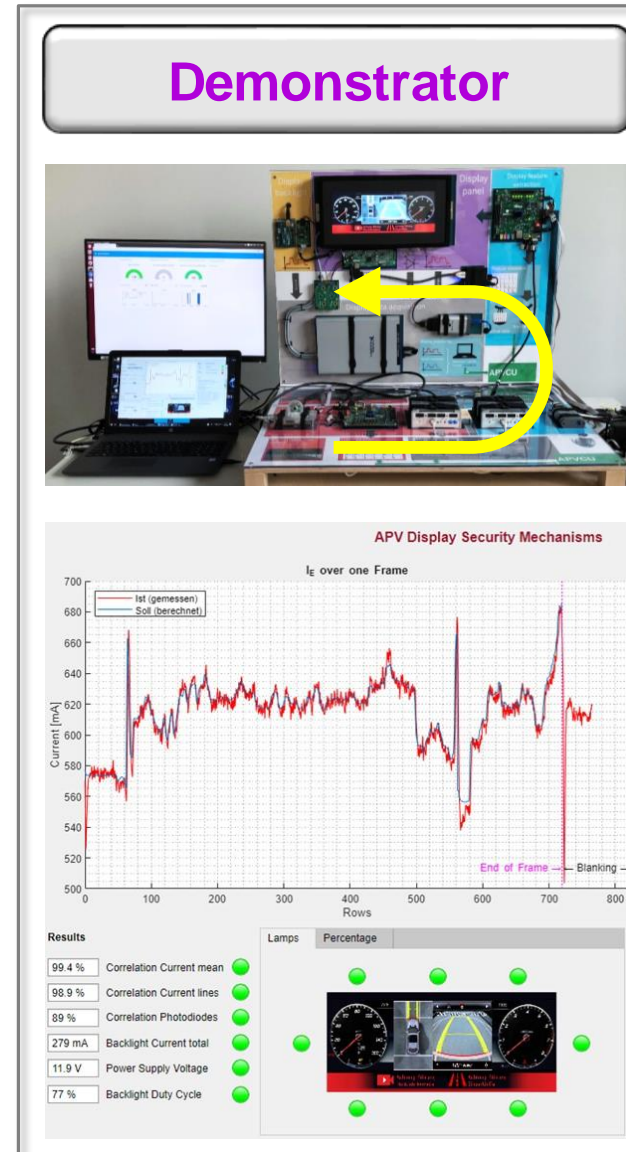


OLED lifetime simulation

# „Light-to-Light“ Safety for Camera Monitor Systems

- **Today:** Only digital interface data supervised, no light of display
- **Here:** Optical supervision of display output by photodiodes and camera
- **Methods:**
  - ~10 photodiodes & line current
  - Camera incl. AI (best for remote)
- **Results:**
  - Validation of both methods ✓
  - “Detection” of essential failures ✓
  - Image compression for remote operator okay with AI ✓

JSID 2020 <https://doi.org/10.1002/jsid.909>,  
 JSID 2021 <https://doi.org/10.1002/jsid.1079>



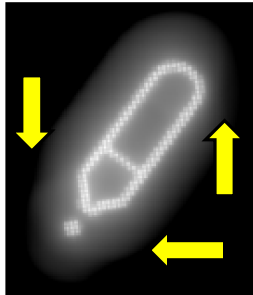
# Single Pixel Measurement Method for Halo on OLED and FALD LCD

- **Background:** Halo is judged as caused by low quality display (in social media). It is mostly noticed at FALD LCDs. No “good” measurement method exists.
- **Our work:** Find and evaluate an advanced method to access single pixel halo
- **Method:**
  - 5 step procedure with imager
  - Macro lens and simulation of fits
- **Result:**
  - Single pixel halo can be measured
  - FALD LCD halo = 10x of OLED

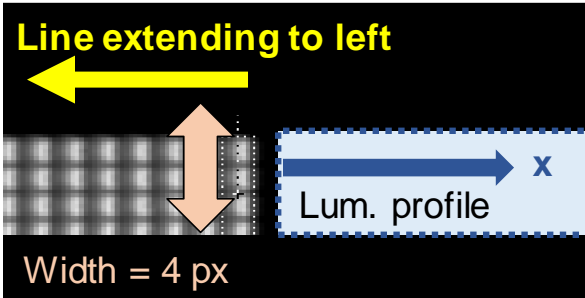
### Halo & Method

Halo is spreading of light from bright content into dark surrounding

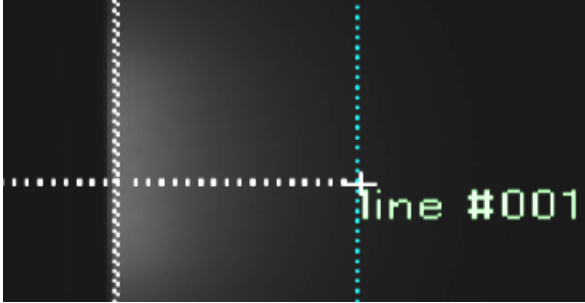
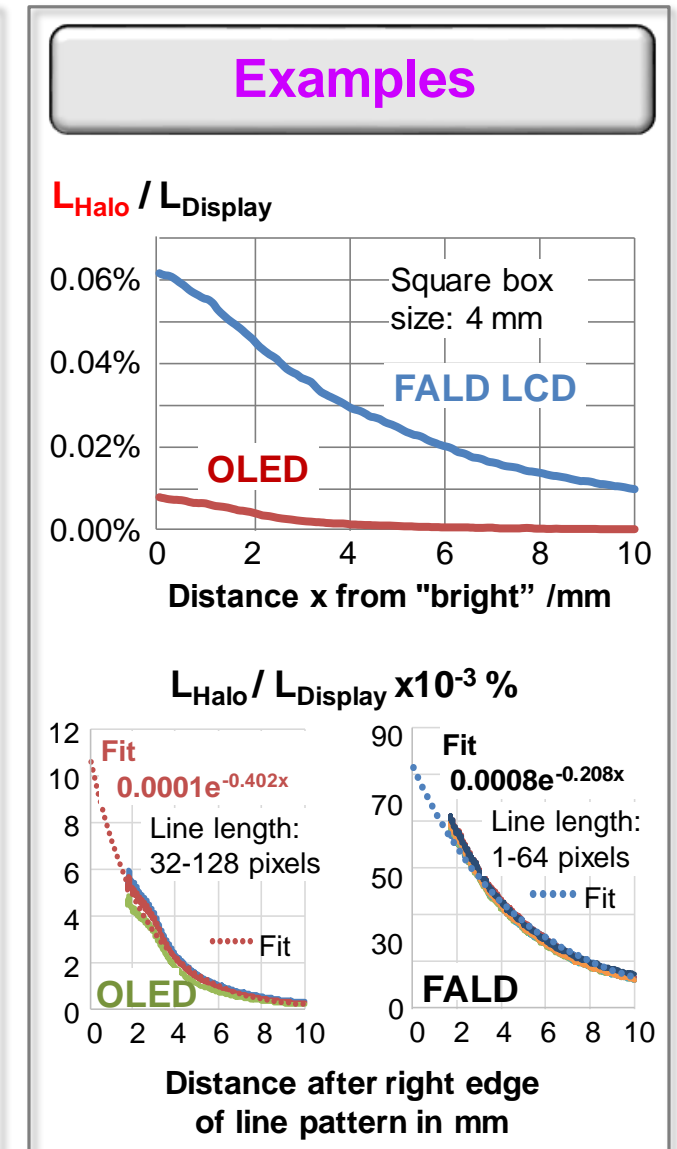
“Uneven” halo (↑) of FALD LCD →



**Line extending to left**



Width = 4 px

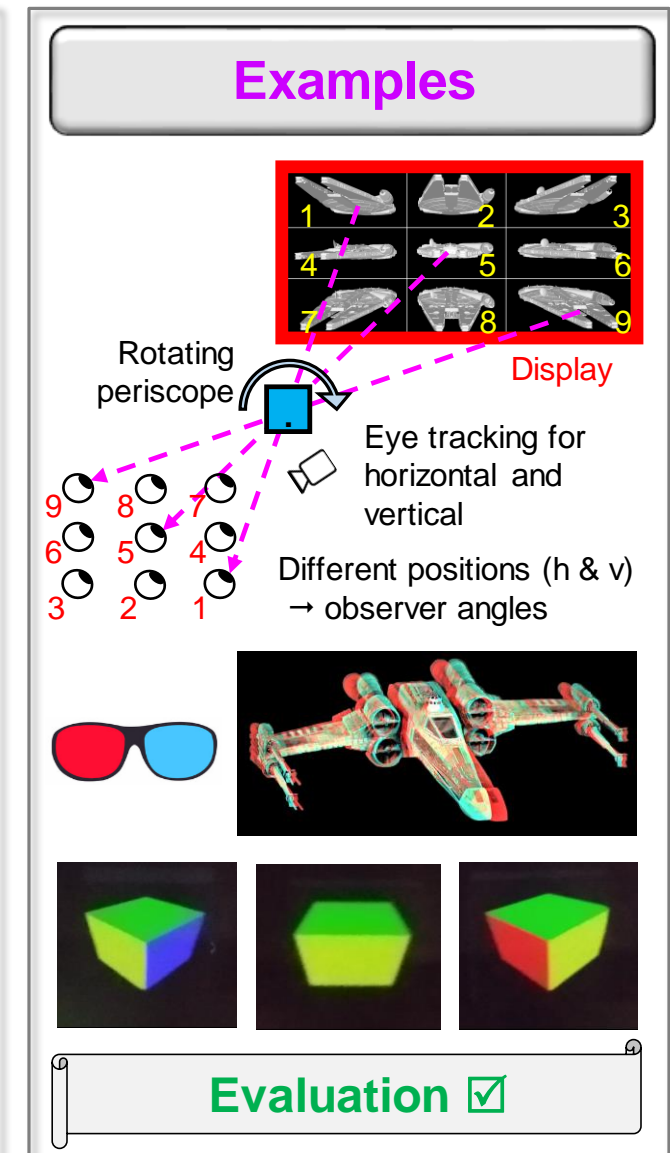
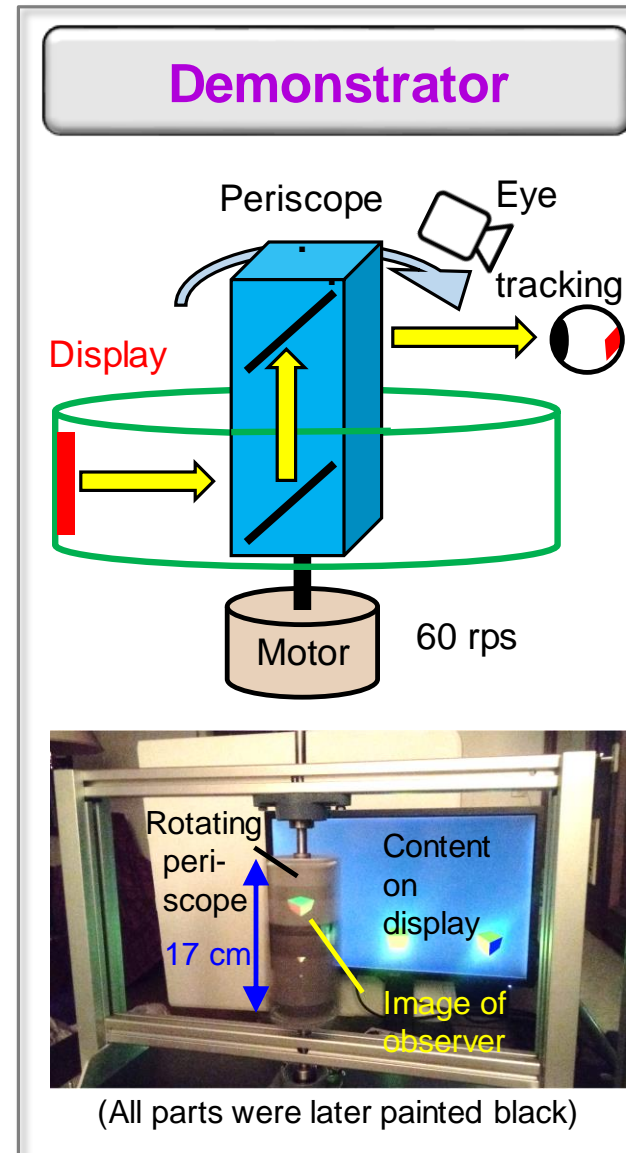



SID 2022 <https://doi.org/10.1002/sdtp.15512>

# 3D Multi-View Display

- **Today:** 3D image is the same for all observers → no perspective view
- **Here:** Development and evaluation of a 3D display for up to three observers with dedicated perspective
- **Methods:**
  - Rotating periscope visualizes images of large display
  - Dynamic perspective by eye tracking
- **Results:**
  - Multi-view (different 3D perspectives), see mark in green
  - Surprising effect → Science museums ...
  - Limits: Relatively small and dark images are less suitable

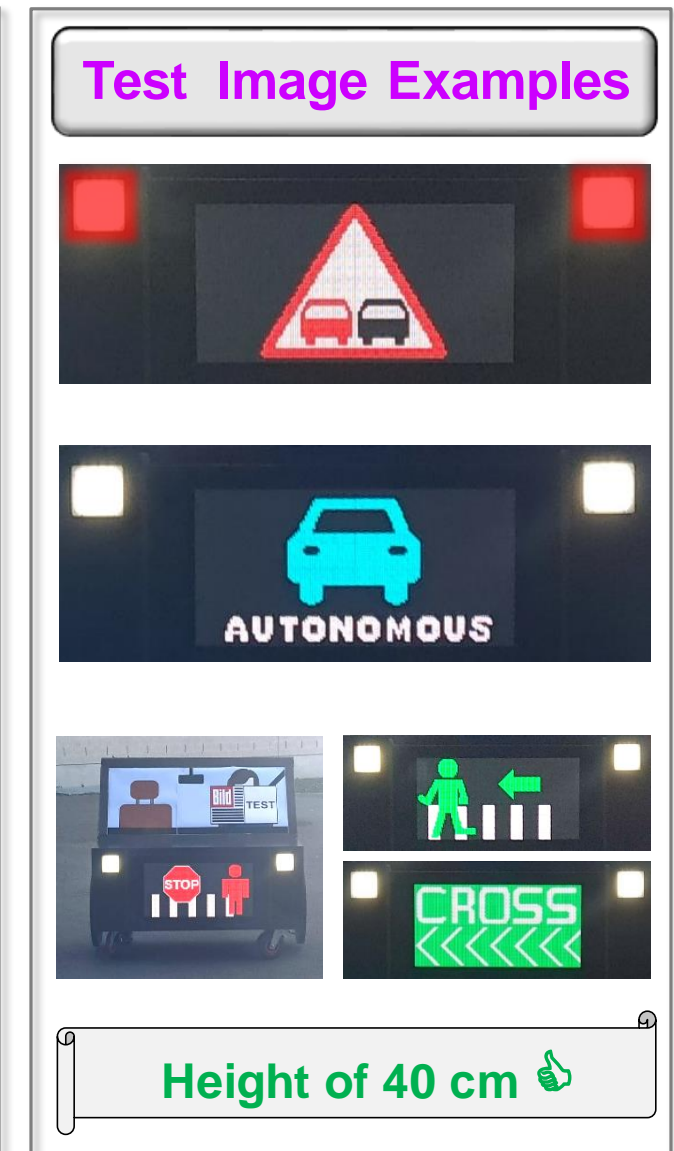
SPIE 2021 <https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2576972>



# Exterior Displays for Autonomous Cars Raise Safety

- **Visual communication since ~1900:**  
Break light, traffic light, turn indicator ...
- **Here:** Graphic displays can provide more such as warnings, pedestrians
- **Mock-Up:** Simulation of use cases  
Pedestrian, oncoming and following cars, autonomous driving mode ...
- **Results:**
  - Size > 30 cm x 30 cm, 6+ mm pixel
  - Text: 10 cm readable from 40+ m
  - Signs: 30+ cm for 50+ m
  - Pedestrians feel safe to cross

SPIE 2022 <https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2606887>,  
 SID 2022 <https://doi.org/10.1002/sdtp.15577>  
 ICDT 2022 <https://doi.org/10.1002/sdtp.16024>

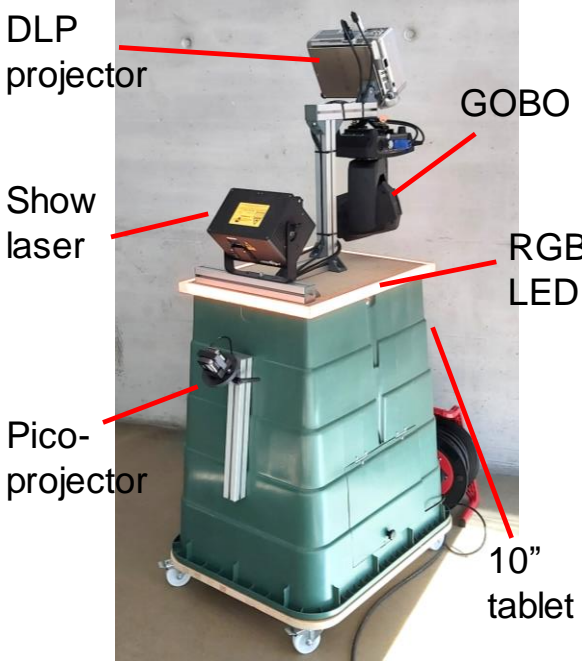


# Human Robot Interaction (HRI) for Autonomous (Cleaning) Robots

- **Today:** Discomfort of subjects as no or only blue light visualization
- **Here:** Measurements and evaluation of various display technologies
- **Methods:**
  - Mock-up with different visualizations
  - Measurements, legibility acc. CIELUV
- **Results:**
  - Pico projector is best incl. integration
  - LED stripe for attention grabbing
  - Show laser, tablet, large projector are less suitable

SID 2021 <https://doi.org/10.1002/sdtp.14749>, BMBF "RobotKoop"

## Demonstrator



Display	$L_w$ /cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Max. E /lx (CR = 2:1)
Pico-proj.	33	300
GOBO	1,900	17,000
Show laser	3,000	27,000
LED stripe	3,200	44,000

## Examples



### Trajectory reduces fear

# Low Cost „HUD“ for Safety and Comfort


- „Scheibenwurzel-Display“:  
as comfort function
- **Here:** Parameters for visualization of safety (warnings ...)
- **Mock-Up:** Simulation of all features incl. luminance, RGB ratio and perceived brightness up to blinding sunlight
- **Results:**
  - RGB luminance ratio of **35 : 50 : 15**
  - $L_{White} \geq 3,300 \text{ cd/m}^2$  (3x L of today)
  - $L_{Blue} \geq 500 \text{ cd/m}^2$
  - **RGBB** LED for white point adjustment

SPIE 2021 <https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2599859>

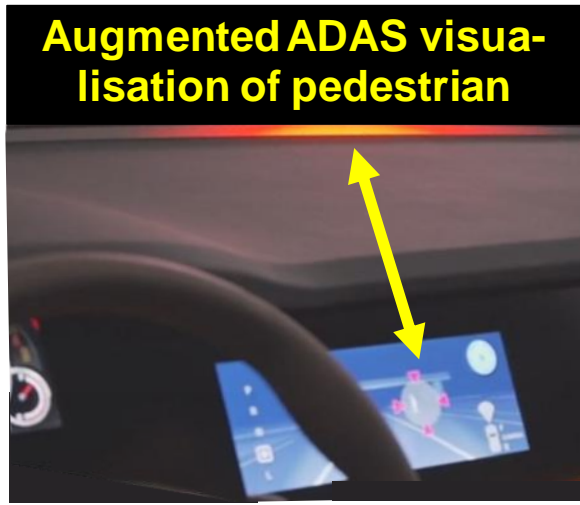
## Motivation

**Design Questions**

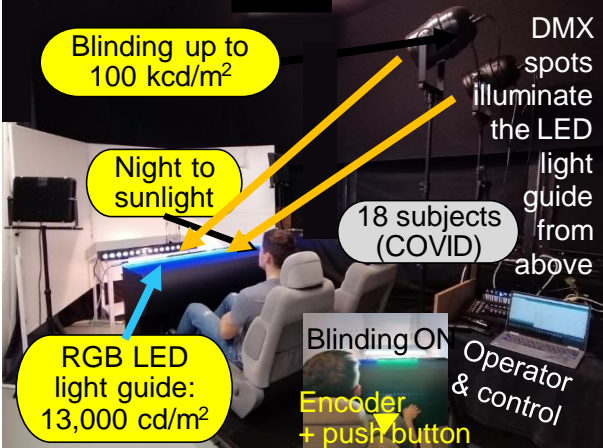
- Luminance for RGB?
- Luminance @ bright light

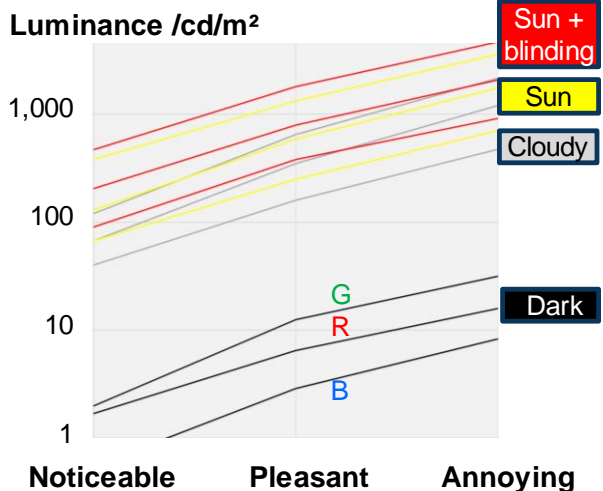


## Augmented ADAS visualisation of pedestrian



## Evaluation





**Luminance /cd/m<sup>2</sup>**

Noticeable      Pleasant      Annoying



# Touchless User Interface for e.g. Pandemic Situations

- **Today:** Buttons in public spaces pressed often but hygiene issue
- **Here:** Measurements and evaluation of various display technologies
- **Demonstrators:**
  - Single buttons as pedestrian crossing
  - Keypad and gesture input
- **Results:**
  - Touchless accepted for buttons
  - Numeric inputs less accepted but “great” for ATM safety

**Validation** ✓

ICEET 2021 DOI: 10.1109/ICEET53442.2021.9659596

